

High-Purity Standards

Catalogue number: IC-DEA

Version No: 1.1 Safety Data Sheet according to OSHA HazCom Standard (2012) requirements

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product name	C-DEA Diethanolamine (100µg/mL in H2O)		
Synonyms	100μg/mL Diethanolamine in H2O		
Other means of identification	IC-DEA		

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses Use according to manufacturer's directions.

Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party

Registered company name	High-Purity Standards
Address	PO Box 41727 SC 29423 United States
Telephone	843-767-7900
Fax	843-767-7906
Website	highpuritystandards.com
Email	Not Available

Emergency phone number

5	
Association / Organisation	INFOTRAC
Emergency telephone numbers	1-800-535-5053
Other emergency telephone numbers	1-352-323-3500

SECTION 2 HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification	Gas under Pressure (Liquefied gas)
Label elements	
GHS label elements	
SIGNAL WORD	WARNING
Hazard statement(s)	

Hazard statement(s)

H280 Contains

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Hazard(s) not otherwise specified

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

Not Applicable

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 0

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IC-DEA Diethanolamine (100µg/mL in H2O)

Precautionary statement(s) Response

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P410+P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
111-42-2	0.01	diethanolamine
7732-18-5	balance	water

SECTION 4 FIRST-AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with eyes: • Wash out immediately with water. • If irritation continues, seek medical attention. • Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin or hair contact occurs: Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	 If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary.
Ingestion	 Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

- There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.
- Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	None known.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Fire Fighting	
Fire/Explosion Hazard	► Non combustible.

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	Clean up all spills immediately.
Major Spills	Minor hazard.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	Limit all unnecessary personal contact.
Other information	

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	 Polyethylene or polypropylene container.
Storage incompatibility	None known

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	diethanolamine	Diethanolamine	1 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	TLV® Basis: Live & kidney dam
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	diethanolamine	DEA; Di(2-hydroxyethyl)amine; 2,2'-Dihydroxydiethyamine; Diolamine; bis(2-Hydroxyethyl)amine; 2,2'-Iminodiethanol	15 mg/m3 / 3 ppm	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
diethanolamine	Diethanolamine	3 mg/m3	5.1 mg/m3	130 mg/m3
Ingredient	Original IDLH		Revised IDLH	
diethanolamine	Not Available		Not Available	
water	Not Available		Not Available	

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard.
Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	 Safety glasses with side shields Chemical goggles.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	 Insulated gloves: NOTE: Insulated gloves should be loose fitting so that may be removed quickly if liquid is spilled upon them.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	No special equipment needed when handling small quantities.
Thermal hazards	Not Available

Respiratory protection

Type AE Filter of sufficient capacity.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	colorless		
Physical state	Liquified Gas	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Available
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available

Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models).	
Ingestion	The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as "harmful by ingestion".	
Skin Contact	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following contact (as classified by EC Directives using animal models).	
Eye	Although the material is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn).	
Chronic	Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects adverse to the health (as classified by EC Directives using animal models); nevertheless exposure by all routes should be minimised as a matter of course.	

IC-DEA Diethanolamine	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
(100µg/mL in H2O)	Not Available	Not Available	
diethanolamine	TOXICITY Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 8342.88 mg/kg ^[2] Oral (rat) LD50: 677.04 mg/kg ^[2]	IRRITATION Eye (rabbit): 5500 mg - SEVERE Eye (rabbit): 0.75 mg/24 hr SEVERE Skin (rabbit): 50 mg (open)-mild Skin (rabbit): 500 mg/24 hr-mild	
water	TOXICITY Oral (rat) LD50: >90000 mg/kg ^[2]	IRRITATION Not Available	
Legend:	Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical S	Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified	l data

DIETHANOLAMINE	Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or even years after exposure to the material ceases. While it is difficult to generalise about the full range of potential health effects posed by exposure to the many different amine compounds, characterised by those used in the manufacture of polyurethane and polyisocyanurate foams, it is agreed that overexposure to the majority of these materials may cause adverse health effects. The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce on contact skin redness, swelling, the production of vesicles, scaling and thickening of the skin. DEA has low acute toxicity if ingested orally or applied on the skin. WARNING: This substance has been classified by the IARC as Group 2B: Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans.		
WATER	No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.		
Acute Toxicity	0	Carcinogenicity	0
Acute Toxicity	0	Carcinogenicity	0
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	$^{\circ}$	Reproductivity	\otimes
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	\otimes	STOT - Single Exposure	\otimes

Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	\otimes	STOT - Repeated Exposure	\otimes
Mutagenicity	\odot	Aspiration Hazard	\otimes
			– Data available but does not fill the criteria for classification

- Not Available to make classification

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Ingredient	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
diethanolamine	LC50	96	Fish	0.0047106mg/L	4
diethanolamine	EC50	48	Crustacea	=28.8mg/L	1
diethanolamine	EC50	96	Algae or other aquatic plants	=2.1-2.3mg/L	1
diethanolamine	EC50	96	Crustacea	=1.4mg/L	1
diethanolamine	NOEC	504	Crustacea	0.78mg/L	2
water	LC50	96	Fish	897.520mg/L	3
water	EC50	96	Algae or other aquatic plants	8768.874mg/L	3
water	EC50	384	Crustacea	199.179mg/L	3
Legend:	Aquatic Toxicity Dat	Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12 - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data			

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
diethanolamine	LOW (Half-life = 14 days)	LOW (Half-life = 0.3 days)
water	LOW	LOW

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
diethanolamine	LOW (BCF = 1)
water	LOW (LogKOW = -1.38)

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
diethanolamine	HIGH (KOC = 1)
water	LOW (KOC = 14.3)

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal	 Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required		
	Marine Pollutant	NO
Land transport (DOT): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS		

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

DIETHANOLAMINE(111-42-2) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs	US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Transitional Limits for Air Contaminants	
US - Alaska Limits for Air Contaminants	US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants	
US - California OEHHA/ARB - Chronic Reference Exposure Levels and Target Organs	US - Washington Toxic air pollutants and their ASIL, SQER and de minimis emission values	
(CRELs)	US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	
US - California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants	US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) - Carcinogens	
US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens	US EPCRA Section 313 Chemical List	
US - Hawaii Air Contaminant Limits	US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	
US - Michigan Exposure Limits for Air Contaminants	US Priority List for the Development of Proposition 65 Safe Harbor Levels - No Significant Risk	
US - Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)	Levels (NSRLs) for Carcinogens and Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADLs) for	
US - Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits For Air Contaminants	Chemicals Causing Reproductive Toxicity	
US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Final Rule Limits for Air Contaminants	US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory	

WATER(7732-18-5) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

Federal Regulations

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SECTION 311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES

Immediate (acute) health hazard	No
Delayed (chronic) health hazard	No
Fire hazard	No
Pressure hazard	Yes
Reactivity hazard	No

US. EPA CERCLA HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES AND REPORTABLE QUANTITIES (40 CFR 302.4)

Name	Reportable Quantity in Pounds (Ib)	Reportable Quantity in kg
Diethanolamine	100	45.4

State Regulations

US. CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm

US - CALIFORNIA PREPOSITION 65 - CARCINOGENS & REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (CRT): LISTED SUBSTANCE

Diethanolamine Listed

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AICS	Y
Canada - DSL	Y
Canada - NDSL	N (diethanolamine; water)
China - IECSC	Y
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Y
Japan - ENCS	N (water)
Korea - KECI	Y
New Zealand - NZIoC	Y
Philippines - PICCS	Y
USA - TSCA	Y
Legend:	Y = All ingredients are on the inventory N = Not determined or one or more ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment.

Definitions and abbreviations

PC – TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average PC – STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit. IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations OSF: Odour Safety Factor NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level Page 7 of 7

IC-DEA Diethanolamine (100µg/mL in H2O)

TLV: Threshold Limit Value LOD: Limit Of Detection OTV: Odour Threshold Value BCF: BioConcentration Factors BEI: Biological Exposure Index

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end of SDS