

IC-AC Acetate (100µg/mL in H2O)

High-Purity Standards

Catalogue number: IC-AC Version No: 2.2

Safety Data Sheet according to OSHA HazCom Standard (2012) requirements

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 0

Issue Date: **08/22/2016**Print Date: **08/22/2016**S GHS USA FN

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product name	IC-AC Acetate (100μg/mL in H2O)
Synonyms	100µg/mL Acetate in H2O
Other means of identification	IC-AC

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses	Use according to manufacturer's directions.

Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party

Registered company name	High-Purity Standards
Address	PO Box 41727 SC 29423 United States
Telephone	843-767-7900
Fax	843-767-7906
Website	highpuritystandards.com
Email	Not Available

Emergency phone number

Association / Organisation	INFOTRAC
Emergency telephone numbers	1-800-535-5053
Other emergency telephone numbers	1-352-323-3500

SECTION 2 HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification	Not Applicable
Olassilication	I NOT Applicable

Label elements

GHS label elements	Not Applicable	
SIGNAL WORD	NOT APPLICABLE	

Hazard statement(s)

Not Applicable

Hazard(s) not otherwise specified

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Response

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

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Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
127-09-3	0.01	sodium acetate, anhydrous
7732-18-5	Balance	water

SECTION 4 FIRST-AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with eyes: • Wash out immediately with water. • If irritation continues, seek medical attention. • Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin or hair contact occurs: ► Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). ► Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	 If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary.
Ingestion	 Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

- ▶ There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.
- Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	None known.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Fire Fighting	► Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area.
Fire/Explosion Hazard	► Non combustible.

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	► Clean up all spills immediately.
Major Spills	► Clear area of personnel and move upwind.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	► Limit all unnecessary personal contact.
Other information	

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Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	▶ Polyethylene or polypropylene container.
Storage incompatibility	Avoid contamination of water, foodstuffs, feed or seed. None known

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	Material name TEEL-1		TEEL-2	TEEL-3
sodium acetate, anhydrous	Sodium acetate	11 mg/m3	120 mg/m3	700 mg/m3
Ingredient	Original IDLH		Revised IDLH	
sodium acetate, anhydrous	Not Available		Not Available	
water	Not Available		Not Available	

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard.
Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	 ▶ Safety glasses with side shields ▶ Chemical goggles.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	Wear general protective gloves, eg. light weight rubber gloves. The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	No special equipment needed when handling small quantities.
Thermal hazards	Not Available

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	colorless		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Available
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information	οn	toxicolog	ical effects

Skin Contact Eye Chronic C-AC Acetate (100µg/mL in	The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other classification is The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation for Although the liquid is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn). Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced to the product is not thought to produce the product is not thought to produce the product to the product is not thought to produce the product to the p	ollowing contact (as	classified by EC Directives using animal models). the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised
Eye DA DE	Although the liquid is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn). Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced to produce the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced to produce the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced to produce the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced to produce the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced to produce the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced to produce the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced to produce the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced to produce the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced to produce the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced to produce the product is not thought to produce the product is not the product to produce the prod	s), direct contact wit	h the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised
C-AC Acetate (100µg/mL in	by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn). Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced in the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced in the product is not thought to produce chronic effects advanced in the product is not produced in the	verse to the health (
C-AC Acetate (100µg/mL in	nevertheless exposure by all routes should be minimised as a matter of course.		as classified by EC Directives using animal models);
C-AC Acetate (100µg/IIIE III	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
	Not Available	Not Available	
	TOXICITY Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >20000 mg/kg ^[1]	IRRITATI	ION bit): 10 mg - mild
	Oral (rat) LD50: ca.1943 mg/kg ^[1]	Skin (rabl	bit): 550 mg/24h - mild
water	TOXICITY Oral (rat) LD50: >90000 mg/kg ^[2] IRRITATION Not Available		

Legend:

1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances

SODIUM ACETATE, ANHYDROUS

Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or even years after exposure to the material ceases.

The material may be irritating to the eye, with prolonged contact causing inflammation.

The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce on contact skin redness, swelling, the production of vesicles, scaling and thickening of the skin.

WATER No sig

No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.

Acute Toxicity	0	Carcinogenicity	0
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	0	Reproductivity	0
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	0	STOT - Single Exposure	0
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	0	STOT - Repeated Exposure	0
Mutagenicity	0	Aspiration Hazard	0

Legend:

🗶 – Data available but does not fill the criteria for classification

Data required to make classification available

Data Not Available to make classification

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

TOXICITY					
Ingredient	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
sodium acetate, anhydrous	LC50	96	Fish	>=100mg/L	1
sodium acetate, anhydrous	EC50	24	Crustacea	>385.3mg/L	2
sodium acetate, anhydrous	EC50	48	Crustacea	>385.3mg/L	2
sodium acetate, anhydrous	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	>417.92mg/L	2
sodium acetate, anhydrous	NOEC	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	417.92mg/L	2
water	EC50	384	Crustacea	199.179mg/L	3
water	EC50	96	Algae or other aquatic plants	8768.874mg/L	3
water	LC50	96	Fish	897.520mg/L	3

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Legend:

Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12 - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
sodium acetate, anhydrous	LOW	LOW
water	LOW	LOW

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
sodium acetate, anhydrous	HIGH (BCF = 29100)
water	LOW (LogKOW = -1.38)

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
sodium acetate, anhydrous	HIGH (KOC = 1)
water	LOW (KOC = 14.3)

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal

Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory.

- ▶ DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.
- ▶ Recycle wherever possible.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required

Marine Pollutant NO

Land transport (DOT): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

SODIUM ACETATE, ANHYDROUS(127-09-3) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Premanufacture Notice (PMN) Chemicals

WATER(7732-18-5) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

Federal Regulations

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SECTION 311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES

Immediate (acute) health hazard	No
Delayed (chronic) health hazard	No
Fire hazard	No
Pressure hazard	No
Reactivity hazard	No

US. EPA CERCLA HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES AND REPORTABLE QUANTITIES (40 CFR 302.4)

None Reported

State Regulations

US. CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

None Reported

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National Inventory	Status
Australia - AICS	Υ
Canada - DSL	Υ
Canada - NDSL	N (water; sodium acetate, anhydrous)
China - IECSC	Y
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Y
Japan - ENCS	N (water)
Korea - KECI	Υ
New Zealand - NZIoC	Υ
Philippines - PICCS	Υ
USA - TSCA	Υ
Legend:	Y = All ingredients are on the inventory N = Not determined or one or more ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment.

Definitions and abbreviations

PC – TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average

 ${\tt PC-STEL: Permissible \ Concentration-Short \ Term \ Exposure \ Limit}$

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value LOD: Limit Of Detection OTV: Odour Threshold Value BCF: BioConcentration Factors BEI: Biological Exposure Index

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