# Section 1. Product and Company Identification

Product Identification: QCS-7 MSDS Number: QCS-7 Recommended Use: For Laboratory Use. Company Identification: High-Purity Standards P.O. Box 41727 Charleston, SC 29423 Telephone: (843) 767-7900 FAX: (843) 767-7906 In case of emergency call INFOTRAC: 800-535-5053

## Section 2. Hazard Identification

#### **Classification:**

Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 1 Serious Eye Damage/ Eye Irritation, Category 1 Labeling:

Symbol: Signal Word: Danger. Hazard Statement: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Precautionary Statement: Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Section 3. Composition			
Component	CAS/EINECS Registry #	Percent Concentration	
Aluminum	7429-90-5/231-072-3	0.01	
Barium Nitrate (Ba(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> )	10022-31-8/233-020-5	— 0.01 (as Ba)	
Barium Carbonate (BaCO <sub>3</sub> )	513-77-9/208-167-3	0.01 (as Ba)	
Boric Acid	10043-35-3/233-139-2	0.01 (as B)	
$(H_3BO_3)$			
Potassium Nitrate (KNO <sub>3</sub> )	7757-79-1/231-818-8	0.1 (as K)	
Ammonium Hexafluorosilicate	16919-19-0/240-968-3	0.005 (as Si)	
$((NH_4)_2SiF_6)$			
Silver	7440-22-4/231-131-3	0.01	
Sodium Carbonate (Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> )	497-19-8/207-838-8	0.01 (as Na)	
Nitric Acid	7697-37-2/231-714-2	2	
(HNO <sub>3</sub> )			
Water, deionized	7732-18-5/231-791-2	Balance	

\*Note: Barium is derived from either Barium carbonate or Barium Nitrate. For this reason both sources are listed on the SDS. Refer to the product's Certificate of Analysis to determine which source was used in the production of the lot number received.

Section 4. First Aid Measures

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- **IF ON SKIN (or hair):** Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Call a physician if irritation develops.
- **IF IN EYES:** Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- **IF SWALLOWED:** Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician. May cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.

**IF INHALED:** Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. **Target Organs:** Eyes, skin.

Fire & Explosion hazards: While nitric acid is not combustible, it is a strong oxidizing agent that can react with combustible materials; however, it is present in limited quantities in this solution. NO<sub>x</sub> compounds can be released in case of fire.

Extinguishing Media: Use any extinguishing media that is suitable for the surrounding area. Use a water spray to dilute nitric acid and to absorb liberated nitrogen oxides.

Specific Methods: Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Ventilate area of leak or spill. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Do not allow to enter drainage systems or water ways. Dike area and dilute spill with water and neutralize with soda ash, limestone, etc. Place the neutralized material into containers suitable for eventual disposal, reclamation, or destruction. Always dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

# Section 7. Handling and Storage

Store in a cool, dry, ventilated storage area with acid resistant floors and good drainage. Keep out of direct sunlight and away from heat, water, and incompatible materials. When diluting, the acid should always be added slowly to water and in small amounts. Refer to Section 8 for personal handling instructions.

### Section 8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Engineering Controls: Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep any buildup of airborne contaminants below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure the availability of eyewash stations and safety showers.

Personal Protection: Wear proper gloves, safety glasses with side shields, lab coat/apron. **Exposure Limits:** 

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL
Aluminum	$10 \text{ mg/m}^3$	$15 \text{ mg/m}^3$
Barium	$0.5 \text{ mg/m}^3$	$0.5 \text{ mg/m}^3$
Boric Acid	Not Available	Not Available
Potassium Nitrate	Not Available	Not Available
Ammonium	Not Available	Not Available
Hexafluorosilicate		
Silver	$0.1 \text{ mg/m}^3$	Not Available

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Sodium Carbonate	Not Available	Not Available
Nitric Acid	2 mg/kg	$5 \text{ mg/m}^3$
Water, deionized	Not Available	Not Available

#### Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Liquid Color: Clear, colorless Odor: Odorless to a faint pungent odor Odor threshold: None pH: <2 Melting point: N/A Freezing Point: N/A Boiling Point: Approximately 100°C Flash point: N/A Evaporation rate: N/A Flammability: N/A Explosion limits: N/A Vapor Pressure (mm): N/A Vapor Density (air+1): N/A Relative density:  $(H_2O = 1)$ : Approximately 1.0 Solubility in H<sub>2</sub>O: Complete Auto ignition temperature: N/A Decomposition temperature: N/A Molecular Weight: N/A

## Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability Indicator: Decomposes slowly to release oxygen.
Conditions to Avoid: Metals, chlorine, organic materials, strong alkali, cyanides.
Incompatibles: Strong reducing agents.
Hazardous Decomposition Products: NO<sub>x</sub> compounds including nitric oxide (NO), nitrogen dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>), nitrous oxide (N<sub>2</sub>O) and nitric acid mist or vapor.
Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

May affect skin, mucous membranes and eyes. Swallowing may lead to a negative effect on mouth and throat and to the risk of perforation or the corrosion of esophagus and stomach.

RTECS#		
HNO <sub>3</sub> -QU5775000	Al-BD0330000	
H <sub>3</sub> BO <sub>3</sub> -ED4560000	KNO <sub>3</sub> -TT3700000	
(NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> SiF <sub>6</sub> -VV7800000	Ag-VW3500000	
Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> -VZ4050000	-	
BaCO <sub>3</sub> ; CQ8600000	Ba(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> - CQ9625000	
Toxicity Data:		
LD <sub>LO</sub> Oral, Human: (Nitric Acid) 430 mg/kg		
LD <sub>50</sub> Oral, Rat: (Aluminum) >5000 mg/kg		
LD <sub>50</sub> Oral, Rat: (Barium Nitrate) 355 mg/kg		
LD <sub>LO</sub> Oral, Human: (Barium Carbonate) 17 mg/kg.		

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LD<sub>50</sub> Oral, Rat: (Boric Acid) 2660 mg/kg;

LD<sub>50</sub> Oral, Rat: (Potassium Nitrate) 3750 mg/kg

LD<sub>50</sub>; LD<sub>LO</sub> Oral, Rat: (Ammonium Hexafluorosilicate) 100 mg/kg

Mouse: (Silver) 11 g/kg

LD<sub>50;</sub> Oral, Mouse: (Sodium Carbonate) 6600 mg/kg.

### Section 12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicological information: Do not allow material to reach ground water, water bodies, or sewage system.

## Section 13. Disposal Considerations

General: Follow Federal, state and local regulations for waste.

## Section 14. Transport Information

D.O.T. Classification: Hazardous by IATA and 49CFR regulations (based on concentration of acid).

D.O.T. Shipping Name: Corrosive liquid, Acidic, Inorganic, n.o.s. (Nitric Acid Solution) D.O.T. Hazard Class: 8 U.N./N.A. Number: 3264 Packing Group: II D.O.T. Label: Corrosive (8)

Section 15. Regulations (Not meant to be all inclusive-selected regulation listed)

TSCA Status: Components of this solution are listed on the TSCA Inventory. RCRA Status: No

SARA: Subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or SARA Title III and of 40 CFR 372

Risk Phrases: R20/21/22. Harmful by inhalation, skin contact, or if swallowed. Safety Phrases: S36/37/39. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection; WHMIS Information (Canada): E: Corrosive

### Section 16. Other Information

HPS products are intended for laboratory use only. All products should be handled and used by trained professional personnel only. The responsibility for the safe handling and use of these products rests solely with the buyer and/or user. The SDS was prepared carefully and represents the best data currently available to us; however, HPS does not certify the data on the SDS. Certified values for this material are given only on the Certificate of Analysis.

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