

1000 µg/mL Magnesium in 2% HNO3

High-Purity Standards

Catalogue number: **\$100031-1** Version No: **1.1**

Safety Data Sheet according to OSHA HazCom Standard (2012) requirements

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 4

Issue Date: **06/27/2015**Print Date: **06/27/2015**Initial Date: **05/05/2015**S.GHS.USA.EN

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Product name	1000 μg/mL Magnesium in 2% HNO3
Synonyms	S100031-1
Proper shipping name	Corrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s (contains nitric acid)
Other means of identification	S100031-1

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses Use according to manufacturer's directions.

Details of the manufacturer/importer

Registered company name	High-Purity Standards
Address	P.O. Box 41727 Charleston, SC 29423 United States
Telephone	(843) 767-7900
Fax	(843) 767-7906
Website	highpuritystandards.com
Email	Not Available

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	INFOTRAC
Emergency telephone numbers	800-535-5053
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification Metal

Metal Corrosion Category 1, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 1A, Serious Eye Damage Category 1

Label elements

GHS label elements



SIGNAL WORD

DANGER

Hazard statement(s)

H290

May be corrosive to metals

Version No: 1.1

1000 µg/mL Magnesium in 2% HNO3

Issue Date: **06/27/2015**Print Date: **06/27/2015**

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318 Causes serious eye damage

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

Precautionary statement(s) Response

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P405 Store locked up.

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501

Dispose of contents/container to authorised chemical landfill or if organic to high temperature incineration

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
7697-37-2	2	nitric acid
7732-18-5	balance	water
13446-18-9	0.1	magnesium nitrate

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes: ► Immediately hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water. ► Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. ► Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. ► Transport to hospital or doctor without delay. ► Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin or hair contact occurs: Immediately flush body and clothes with large amounts of water, using safety shower if available. Quickly remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Wash skin and hair with running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre. Transport to hospital, or doctor.
Inhalation	 If furnes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Lay patient down. Keep warm and rested. Prostheses such as false teeth, which may block airway, should be removed, where possible, prior to initiating first aid procedures. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve mask device, or pocket mask as trained. Perform CPR if necessary. Transport to hospital, or doctor. Inhalation of vapours or aerosols (mists, furnes) may cause lung oedema. Corrosive substances may cause lung damage (e.g. lung oedema, fluid in the lungs). As this reaction may be delayed up to 24 hours after exposure, affected individuals need complete rest (preferably in semi-recumbent posture) and must be kept under medical observation even if no symptoms are (yet) manifested. Before any such manifestation, the administration of a spray containing a dexamethasone derivative or beclomethasone derivative may be considered. This must definitely be left to a doctor or person authorised by him/her. (ICSC13719)
Ingestion	 For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor at once. Urgent hospital treatment is likely to be needed. If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. Observe the patient carefully. Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious. Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

▶ Transport to hospital or doctor without delay.

SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Issue Date: **06/27/2015** Print Date: **06/27/2015**

Extinguishing media

Water spray or fog.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility

None known.

Advice for firefighters

Fire	Fighting

- Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- Fire/Explosion Hazard Non combustible.

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Minor Spills	▶ Drains for storage or use areas should have retention basins for pH adjustments and dilution of spills before discharge or disposal of material.
Major Spills	
	Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the MSDS

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.
Other information	► Store in original containers.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	
Storage incompatibility	► Inorganic acids are generally soluble in water with the release of hydrogen ions.

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1	nitric acid	Nitric acid	5 mg/m3 / 2 ppm	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	nitric acid	Nitric acid	2 ppm	4 ppm	Not Available	TLV® Basis: URT & eye irr; dental erosion
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	nitric acid	Aqua fortis, Engravers acid, Hydrogen nitrate, Red furning nitric acid (RFNA), White furning nitric acid (WFNA)	5 mg/m3 / 2 ppm	10 mg/m3 / 4 ppm	Not Available	Not Available

EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
nitric acid	Nitric acid	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
magnesium nitrate	Magnesium(II) nitrate (1:2), hexahydrate	16 mg/m3	180 mg/m3	1100 mg/m3
magnesium nitrate	Magnesium nitrate; (Magnesium(II) nitrate (1:2))	30 mg/m3	330 mg/m3	2000 mg/m3

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
nitric acid	100 ppm	25 ppm
water	Not Available	Not Available
magnesium nitrate	Not Available	Not Available

Exposure controls

Appropriate	engineering
	controls

Personal protection











Issue Date: **06/27/2015**Print Date: **06/27/2015**

Eye and face protection	 Safety glasses with unperforated side shields may be used where continuous eye protection is desirable, as in laboratories; spectacles are not sufficient where complete eye protection is needed such as when handling bulk-quantities, where there is a danger of splashing, or if the material may be under pressure.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	 Elbow length PVC gloves When handling corrosive liquids, wear trousers or overalls outside of boots, to avoid spills entering boots.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	► Overalls.
Thermal hazards	Not Available

Respiratory protection

Type AE-P Filter of sufficient capacity.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	colorless		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Available
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	<2	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	 ▶ Contact with alkaline material liberates heat ▶ Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	Corrosive acids can cause irritation of the respiratory tract, with coughing, choking and mucous membrane damage.	
Ingestion	Ingestion of acidic corrosives may produce burns around and in the mouth, the throat and oesophagus.	
Skin Contact	Skin contact with acidic corrosives may result in pain and burns; these may be deep with distinct edges and may heal slowly with the formation of scar tissue.	
Eye	If applied to the eyes, this material causes severe eye damage.	
Chronic	Repeated or prolonged exposure to acids may result in the erosion of teeth, swelling and/or ulceration of mouth lining.	

1000 μg/mL Magnesium in	
2% HNO3	

TOXICITY	IRRITATION
Not Available	Not Available

1000 µg/mL Magnesium in 2% HNO3

Issue Date: **06/27/2015** Print Date: **06/27/2015**

	TOXICITY		IRRITATION
nitric acid	Inhalation (rat) LC50: 0.13 mg/L/4h ^[2]		* DuPont
	Inhalation (rat) LC50: 2500 ppm/1h *t ^[2]		Nil reported
	TOXICITY		
water	Oral (rat) LD50: >90000 mg/kg ^[2]		Not Available
	TOXICITY	IDDITATION	
		IRRITATION	
magnesium nitrate	dermal (rat) LD50: >5000 mg/kg ^[1]	Eye (rabbit): 500 mg/24h -	mild
	Oral (rat) LD50: >5440 mg/kgd ^[2]	Skin (rabbit): 500 mg/24h -	mild
Legend:			
	extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances		
NITRIC ACID	Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or even years after exposure to the material ceases. Oral (?) LD50: 50-500 mg/kg * [Various Manufacturers]		
WATER	No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.		
MAGNESIUM NITRATE The material may be irritating to the eye, with prolonged contact causing inflammation. Magnesium nitrate heaxahydrate is a methaemoglobin-forming agent which if inhaled or ingested in high enough concentrations may cause fatigue, headache, dizziness. (Source: I.L.O. Encyclopaedia)			
Acute Toxicity	Carcinogenicity		
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	* Reproductivity		
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	❤ STOT - Single	Exposure 🛇	
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	STOT - Repeated Exposure ○		
Mutagenicity	○ Aspiration Hazard ○		

Legend:

✓ – Data required to make classification available

Data evaluable but does not fill the evitoria for.

Data available but does not fill the criteria for classification

O – Data Not Available to make classification

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Ecotoxicity:

The tolerance of water organisms towards pH margin and variation is diverse.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
water	LOW	LOW

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
water	LOW (LogKOW = -1.38)

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
water	LOW (KOC = 14.3)

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Product /	Packaging
	disposal

▶ Recycle wherever possible.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required

1000 μg/mL Magnesium in 2% HNO3

Issue Date: **06/27/2015** Print Date: **06/27/2015**



Land transport (DOT)

UN number	3264
Packing group	П
UN proper shipping name	Corrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s (contains nitric acid)
Environmental hazard	No relevant data
Transport hazard class(es)	Class 8 Subrisk Not Applicable
Special precautions for user	Special provisions B2, IB2, T11, TP2, TP27

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

UN number Packing group UN proper shipping name Environmental hazard	3264 II Corrosive liquid, acidic		
UN proper shipping name	Corrosive liquid, acidio		
		c, inorganic, n.o.s. * (contains nitric aci	d)
	No relevant data		
Transport hazard class(es)	ICAO/IATA Class	8	
	ICAO / IATA Subrisk	Not Applicable	
	ERG Code	8L	
	Special provisions		A3A803
			-
	Cargo Only Packing I	nstructions	855
	Cargo Only Maximum	Qty / Pack	30 L
Special precautions for user	Passenger and Cargo	o Packing Instructions	851
	Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack		1 L
	Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions		Y840
	Passenger and Cargo	Limited Maximum Qty / Pack	0.5 L

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)

UN number	3264	
Packing group	II .	
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (contains nitric acid)	
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable	
Transport hazard class(es)	IMDG Class 8 IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable	
Special precautions for user	EMS Number F-A , S-B Special provisions 274 Limited Quantities 1 L	

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73 / 78 and the IBC code

Source	Ingredient	Pollution Category
IMO MARPOL 73/78 (Annex II) - List of Noxious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk	nitric acid	Y

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Catalogue number: S100031-1 Page 7 of 7 Issue Date: 06/27/2015

Version No: 1.1 Print Date: 06/27/2015 1000 µg/mL Magnesium in 2% HNO3

NITRIC ACID(7697-37-2) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

US - Alaska Limits for Air Contaminants

US - California OEHHA/ARB - Acute Reference Exposure Levels and Target Organs (RELs)

US - California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants

US - Hawaii Air Contaminant Limits

US - Idaho - Limits for Air Contaminants

US - Michigan Exposure Limits for Air Contaminants

US - Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)

US - Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits (Z-1)

US - Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits For Air Contaminants

US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Final Rule Limits for Air Contaminants

US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Transitional Limits for Air Contaminants

US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants

US - Washington Toxic air pollutants and their ASIL, SQER and de minimis emission values

US - Wyoming Toxic and Hazardous Substances Table Z1 Limits for Air Contaminants US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

US EPCRA Section 313 Chemical List

US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

WATER(7732-18-5) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

MAGNESIUM NITRATE(13446-18-9) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

US EPCRA Section 313 Chemical List US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AICS	Υ
Canada - DSL	Υ
Canada - NDSL	N (magnesium nitrate; water; nitric acid)
China - IECSC	Υ
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Y
Japan - ENCS	N (water)
Korea - KECI	Υ
New Zealand - NZIoC	Υ
Philippines - PICCS	Υ
USA - TSCA	Υ
Legend:	Y = All ingredients are on the inventory N = Not determined or one or more ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Other information

Ingredients with multiple cas numbers

Name	CAS No
magnesium nitrate	10213-15-7, 10377-60-3, 13446-18-9

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chernwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The (M)SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment.

This document is copyright.