

## Section 1. Product and Company Identification

Product Identification: 1000 µg/mL Thorium in 2% HCl  
 SDS Number: 100059-2  
 Recommended Use: For Laboratory Use.  
 Company Identification: High-Purity Standards  
 P.O. Box 41727  
 Charleston, SC 29423  
 Telephone: (843) 767-7900  
 FAX: (843) 767-7906

In case of emergency call INFOTRAC: 800-535-5053

## Section 2. Hazard Identification

**Classification:**

Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 1  
 Serious Eye Damage/ Eye Irritation, Category 1  
 Carcinogenicity, Category 2

**Labeling:****Symbol:**

**Signal Word:** Danger.

**Hazard Statement:** Causes severe skin irritation. Suspected of causing cancer.

**Precautionary Statement:** Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required

## Section 3. Composition

Component	CAS/EINECS Registry #	Percent Concentration
Thorium Oxide (ThO <sub>2</sub> )	1314-20-1/215-225-1	0.1 (as Th)
Hydrochloric Acid	7647-01-0/231-595-7	2
Water, deionized	7732-18-5/ 231-791-2	Balance

## Section 4. First Aid Measures

**IF ON SKIN (or hair):** Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Call a physician if irritation develops.

**IF IN EYES:** Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

**IF SWALLOWED:** Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician. May cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.

**IF INHALED:** Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. May be harmful if inhaled. Material is extremely destructive to the tissue of the mucous membrane and upper respiratory tract.

**IF exposed or concerned,** Get medical attention/advice.

**Target Organs:** Eyes, skin.

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### Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Fire & Explosion hazards: Hydrochloric acid is a negligible fire hazard when exposed to heat and/or flames. Hydrochloric acid may react with the evolution of heat on contact with water; the acid may release toxic, corrosive, flammable, or explosive gases.

Extinguishing Media: Use regular dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water, or regular foam.

Specific Methods: Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Ventilate area of leak or spill. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Do not allow to enter drainage systems or water ways. Dike area and dilute spill with water and neutralize with soda ash, limestone, etc. Place the neutralized material into containers suitable for eventual disposal, reclamation, or destruction. Avoid breathing vapors, mist, or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Always dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

### Section 7. Handling and Storage

Store in a cool, dry, ventilated storage area with acid resistant floors and good drainage. Keep out of direct sunlight and away from heat, water, and incompatible materials. When diluting, the acid should always be added slowly to water and in small amounts. Refer to Section 8 for personal handling instructions.

### Section 8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Engineering Controls: Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep any buildup of airborne contaminants below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure the availability of eyewash stations and safety showers.

Personal Protection: Wear proper gloves, safety glasses with side shields, lab coat/apron.

#### Exposure Limits:

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL
Thorium Oxide	Not Available	Not Available
Hydrochloric Acid	C 2ppm	C 5ppm C 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

### Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Liquid  
Color: Clear, colorless  
Odor: Odorless to a faint pungent odor  
Odor threshold: None  
pH: <2  
Melting point: N/A  
Freezing Point: N/A  
Boiling Point: Approximately 100°C  
Flash point: N/A  
Evaporation rate: N/A

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Flammability: N/A  
 Explosion limits: N/A  
 Vapor Pressure (mm): N/A  
 Vapor Density (air+1): N/A  
 Relative density: (H<sub>2</sub>O = 1): Approximately 1.0  
 Solubility in H<sub>2</sub>O: Complete  
 Auto ignition temperature: N/A  
 Decomposition temperature: N/A  
 Molecular Weight: 232.04 (Th)

#### Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability Indicator: YES  
 Conditions to Avoid: Metals, hydroxides, carbonates, cyanides  
 Incompatibles: Strong oxidizing agents  
 Hazardous Decomposition Products: When heated to decomposition, emits toxic hydrogen chloride fumes and will react with water or steam to produce heat and toxic and corrosive fumes. Thermal oxidative decomposition produces toxic chlorine fumes and explosive hydrogen gas.  
 Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

#### Section 11. Toxicological Information

May affect skin, mucous membranes and eyes. Swallowing may lead to a negative effect on mouth and throat and to the risk of perforation or the corrosion of esophagus and stomach.

Thorium oxide is a confirmed carcinogen. This solution contains depleted radioactive thorium oxide at 0.1% concentration. Thorium oxide is weakly radioactive and emits alpha particles which are harmful to the body. For the energy range of alpha particles usually encountered, a fraction of a millimeter of any ordinary material is sufficient for absorbance. Thin rubber, acrylic, stout paper, or cardboard will suffice.

#### Toxicity Data:

RTECS#

HCl: MW4025000      ThO<sub>2</sub>: XO6950

Oral, rabbit: (Hydrochloric Acid) LD<sub>50</sub> = 900 mg/kg  
 TD<sub>LO</sub> Intraarterial, Human: (Thorium Oxide) 490 mg/kg.

#### Section 12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicological information: Do not allow material to reach ground water, water bodies, or sewage system.

#### Section 13. Disposal Considerations

General: Follow Federal, state and local regulations for waste.

#### Section 14. Transport Information

D.O.T. Classification: Hazardous by IATA and 49CFR regulations (based on concentration of acid).  
 D.O.T. Shipping Name: Corrosive liquid, Acidic, Inorganic, n.o.s. (Hydrochloric Acid Solution)

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D.O.T. Hazard Class: 8  
 U.N./N.A. Number: 3264  
 Packing Group: II  
 D.O.T. Label: Corrosive (8)

#### Section 15. Regulations (Not meant to be all inclusive-selected regulation listed)

TSCA Status: Components of this solution are listed on the TSCA Inventory.

RCRA Status: No

SARA: Section 302 (Extremely Hazardous Substances) No

Section 313 No

Risk Phrases: R20/21/22 Harmful by inhalation, skin contact, or if swallowed.

Safety Phrases: S36/37/39 Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection

WHMIS Information (Canada): E: Corrosive

100059-2 is a limited quantity radioactive material that is exempt from radioactive labeling requirements under 49CFR section 173.421. The massic activity of 100059-2 is less than 380 Bq/g

#### Section 16. Other Information

HPS products are intended for laboratory use only. All products should be handled and used by trained professional personnel only. The responsibility for the safe handling and use of these products rests solely with the buyer and/or user. The SDS was prepared carefully and represents the best data currently available to us; however, HPS does not certify the data on the SDS. Certified values for this material are given only on the Certificate of Analysis.

Theodore C. Rains, Ph.D.