# Section 1. Product and Company Identification

Product Identification: 10,000 μg/mL Lanthanum in 2%HCl

SDS Number: 10M27-2

Recommended Use: For Laboratory Use. Company Identification: **High-Purity Standards** 

P.O. Box 41727

Charleston, SC 29423 Telephone: (843) 767-7900

FAX: (843) 767-7906

In case of emergency call INFOTRAC: 800-535-5053

# Section 2. Hazard Identification

#### Classification:

Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 1

Serious Eye Damage/ Eye Irritation, Category 1

#### Labeling:

Symbol:

Signal Word: Danger.

**Hazard Statement:** Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

**Precautionary Statement:** Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. Wash

thoroughly after handling.

| Section 3. Composition                            |                       |                       |  |  |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Component   | CAS/EINECS Registry # | Percent Concentration |  |  |
| Lanthanum Oxide (La <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) | 1312-81-8/215-200-5   | 1 (as La)             |  |  |
| Hydrochloric Acid                                 | 7647-01-0/231-595-7   | 2                     |  |  |
| Water, deionized                                  | 7732-18-5/ 231-791-2  | Balance               |  |  |

#### Section 4. First Aid Measures

IF ON SKIN: Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Call a physician if irritation develops.

**IF IN EYES:** Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

**IF SWALLOWED:** Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician. May cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.

**IF INHALED:** Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. May be harmful if inhaled. Material is extremely destructive to the tissue of the mucous membrane and upper respiratory tract.

Target Organs: Eyes, skin.

| Safety Data Sheet No. 10M27-2    | Date: March 11, 2014 |             |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|-------------|
| 10,000 μg/mL Lanthanum in 2% HCl | Revision: 002        | Page 2 of 4 |

# Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Fire & Explosion hazards: Hydrochloric acid is a negligible fire hazard when exposed to heat and/or flames. Hydrochloric acid may react with the evolution of heat on contact with water; the acid may release toxic, corrosive, flammable, or explosive gases.

Extinguishing Media: Use regular dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water, or regular foam. Specific Methods: Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece operated in positive pressure mode.

#### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Ventilate area of leak or spill. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Do not allow to enter drainage systems or water ways. Dike area and dilute spill with water and neutralize with soda ash, limestone, etc. Place the neutralized material into containers suitable for eventual disposal, reclamation, or destruction. Avoid breathing vapors, mist, or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Always dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

# Section 7. Handling and Storage

Store in a cool, dry, ventilated storage area with acid resistant floors and good drainage. Keep out of direct sunlight and away from heat, water, and incompatible materials. When diluting, the acid should always be added slowly to water and in small amounts. Refer to Section 8 for personal handling instructions.

#### Section 8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Engineering Controls: Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep any buildup of airborne contaminants below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure the availability of eyewash stations and safety showers.

Personal Protection: Wear proper gloves, safety glasses with side shields, lab coat/apron.

#### **Exposure Limits:**

| zaposaro zamios   |  |               |  |  |  |
|-------------------|--|---------------|--|--|--|
| Component         | ACGIH TLV                              | OSHA PEL      |  |  |  |
| Lanthanum Oxide   | Not available                          | Not available |  |  |  |
| Hydrochloric Acid | C 2ppm C 5ppm<br>C 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |               |  |  |  |
|                   |  | C / mg/m      |  |  |  |

## Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Liquid Color: Clear, colorless

Odor: Odorless to a faint pungent odor

Odor threshold: None

pH: <2

Melting point: N/A Freezing Point: N/A

Boiling Point: Approximately 100°C

Flash point: N/A Evaporation rate: N/A

# Safety Data Sheet No. 10M27-2 10,000 μg/mL Lanthanum in 2% HCl Revision: 002 Page 3 of 4

Flammability: N/A Explosion limits: N/A Vapor Pressure (mm): N/A Vapor Density (air+1): N/A

Relative density:  $(H_2O = 1)$ : Approximately 1.0

Solubility in H<sub>2</sub>O: Complete Auto ignition temperature: N/A Decomposition temperature: N/A Molecular Weight: 138.91 (La)

## Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability Indicator: YES

Conditions to Avoid: Metals, hydroxides, carbonates, cyanides

Incompatibles: Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products: When heated to decomposition, emits toxic hydrogen chloride fumes and will react with water or steam to produce heat and toxic and corrosive fumes. Thermal oxidative decomposition produces toxic chlorine fumes and explosive hydrogen gas.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

# Section 11. Toxicological Information

May affect skin, mucous membranes and eyes. Swallowing may lead to a negative effect on mouth and throat and to the risk of perforation or the corrosion of esophagus and stomach.

#### **Toxicity Data:**

RTECS#

HCl: MW4025000 La<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>: OE5330000

Oral, rabbit: (Hydrochloric Acid)  $LD_{50} = 900 \text{ mg/kg}$ 

LD50 Oral, Rat: (La2O3) >9968 mg/kg

## Section 12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicological information: Do not allow material to reach ground water, water bodies, or sewage system.

## Section 13. Disposal Considerations

General: Follow Federal, state and local regulations for waste.

# Section 14. Transport Information

D.O.T. Classification: Hazardous by IATA and 49CFR regulations (based on concentration of acid).

D.O.T. Shipping Name: Corrosive liquid, Acidic, Inorganic, n.o.s. (Hydrochloric Acid Solution)

D.O.T. Hazard Class: 8 U.N./N.A. Number: 3264 Packing Group: II

D.O.T. Label: Corrosive (8)

| Safety Data Sheet No. 10M27-2    | Date: March 11, 2014 |             |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|-------------|
| 10,000 μg/mL Lanthanum in 2% HCl | Revision: 002        | Page 4 of 4 |

# Section 15. Regulations (Not meant to be all inclusive-selected regulation listed)

TSCA Status: Components of this solution are listed on the TSCA Inventory.

RCRA Status: No

SARA: Section 302 (Extremely Hazardous Substances) No

Section 313 No

Risk Phrases: R20/21/22 Harmful by inhalation, skin contact, or if swallowed.

Safety Phrases: S36/37/39 Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection

WHMIS Information (Canada): E: Corrosive

## Section 16. Other Information

HPS products are intended for laboratory use only. All products should be handled and used by trained professional personnel only. The responsibility for the safe handling and use of these products rests solely with the buyer and/or user. The SDS was prepared carefully and represents the best data currently available to us; however, HPS does not certify the data on the SDS. Certified values for this material are given only on the Certificate of Analysis.

Theodore C. Rains, Ph.D.