

ICP RCRA Metals Standard 1

High-Purity Standards

Catalogue number: ICP-RCRA-1

Version No: 2.2 Safety Data Sheet according to OSHA HazCom Standard (2012) requirements

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 4 Issue Date: 08/01/2017

Print Date: 08/01/2017 S.GHS.USA.EN

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product name	ICP RCRA Metals Standard 1							
Synonyms	ICP-RCRA-1							
Proper shipping name	Corrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s.							
Other means of identification	ICP-RCRA-1							

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses	Use according to manufacturer's directions.
--------------------------	---

Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party

Registered company name	High-Purity Standards							
Address	O Box 41727 SC 29423 United States							
Telephone	843-767-7900							
Fax	843-767-7906							
Website	highpuritystandards.com							
Email	Not Available							

Emergency phone number

Association / Organisation	INFOTRAC
Emergency telephone numbers	1-800-535-5053
Other emergency telephone numbers	1-352-323-3500

SECTION 2 HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification Serious Eye Damage Category 1, Reproductive Toxicity Category 1A, Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Category 2, Acute Toxicity (Inhalation) Category 2, Skin Sensitizer Category 1, Carcinogenicity Category 1B, Acute Aquatic Hazard Category 3, Chronic Aquatic Hazard Category 3, Metal Corrosion Category 1, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 1A
--

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)	La contraction of the second	

	 10.0	 	н	 н	н	н	н	1	-	-	н	-	-	=	н	н	-	

0.0.0.0	DANGER		

Hazard statement(s)

H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child.						
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.							
H330 Fatal if inhaled.							
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.							
H350	May cause cancer.						

Version No: 2.2

Page 2 of 13
ICP RCRA Metals Standard 1

H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Hazard(s) not otherwise specified

Not Applicable

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.								
Precautionary statement(s)) Response							
P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.								
Precautionary statement(s) Storage							
Precautionary statement(s) P403+P233	Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.							
	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.							

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
7697-37-2	5	nitric acid
7732-18-5	balance	water
7440-38-2	0.1	arsenic
7440-39-3	0.1	barium
7440-43-9	0.1	cadmium
7440-47-3	0.1	chromium
7440-50-8	0.1	copper
7439-92-1	0.1	lead
7440-02-0	0.1	nickel
7440-66-6	0.1	zinc

SECTION 4 FIRST-AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Immediately hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. Transport to hospital or doctor without delay. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	 If skin or hair contact occurs: Immediately flush body and clothes with large amounts of water, using safety shower if available. Quickly remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Wash skin and hair with running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre. Transport to hospital, or doctor.
Inhalation	 If fumes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Lay patient down. Keep warm and rested. Prostheses such as false teeth, which may block airway, should be removed, where possible, prior to initiating first aid procedures. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve mask device, or pocket mask as trained. Perform CPR if necessary. Transport to hospital, or doctor, without delay. Inhalation of vapours or aerosols (mists, fumes) may cause lung oedema. Corrosive substances may cause lung damage (e.g. lung oedema, fluid in the lungs). As this reaction may be delayed up to 24 hours after exposure, affected individuals need complete rest (preferably in semi-recumbent posture) and must be kept under medical observation even if no symptoms are (yet) manifested. Before any such manifestation, the administration of a spray containing a dexamethasone derivative or beclomethasone derivative may be considered. This must definitely be left to a doctor or person authorised by him/her. (ICSC13719)
Ingestion	 For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor at once. Urgent hospital treatment is likely to be needed. If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. Observe the patient carefully.
	Continued

Page 3 of 13

ICP RCRA Metals Standard 1

- Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious.
 Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink.
 - Give water to thise out mouth, then provide liquid slowly
 Transport to hospital or doctor without delay.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

For acute or short term repeated exposures to strong acids:

- Airway problems may arise from laryngeal edema and inhalation exposure. Treat with 100% oxygen initially.
- Respiratory distress may require cricothyroidotomy if endotracheal intubation is contraindicated by excessive swelling
- ► Intravenous lines should be established immediately in all cases where there is evidence of circulatory compromise.
- Strong acids produce a coagulation necrosis characterised by formation of a coagulum (eschar) as a result of the dessicating action of the acid on proteins in specific tissues.
- INGESTION:
- Immediate dilution (milk or water) within 30 minutes post ingestion is recommended.
- DO NOT attempt to neutralise the acid since exothermic reaction may extend the corrosive injury.
- Be careful to avoid further vomit since re-exposure of the mucosa to the acid is harmful. Limit fluids to one or two glasses in an adult.
- Charcoal has no place in acid management.
- Some authors suggest the use of lavage within 1 hour of ingestion.
- SKIN:

Skin lesions require copious saline irrigation. Treat chemical burns as thermal burns with non-adherent gauze and wrapping

Deep second-degree burns may benefit from topical silver sulfadiazine

EYE:

- Eye injuries require retraction of the eyelids to ensure thorough irrigation of the conjuctival cul-de-sacs. Irrigation should last at least 20-30 minutes. DO NOT use neutralising agents or any other additives. Several litres of saline are required.
- Cycloplegic drops, (1% cyclopentolate for short-term use or 5% homatropine for longer term use) antibiotic drops, vasoconstrictive agents or artificial tears may be indicated dependent on the severity of the injury.
- Steroid eye drops should only be administered with the approval of a consulting ophthalmologist).

[Ellenhorn and Barceloux: Medical Toxicology]

SECTION 5 FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.
 Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility None known

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Fire Fighting Fire/Explosion Hazard

Non combustible.

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	 Drains for storage or use areas should have retention basins for pH adjustments and dilution of spills before discharge or disposal of material. Clean up all spills immediately.
Major Spills	Clear area of personnel and move upwind.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.
Other information	 Store in original containers.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	 DO NOT use aluminium or galvanised containers Check regularly for spills and leaks Lined metal can, lined metal pail/ can. For low viscosity materials Drums and jerricans must be of the non-removable head type.
Storage incompatibility	► Inorganic acids are generally soluble in water with the release of hydrogen ions.

ICP RCRA Metals Standard 1

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	nitric acid	Aqua fortis, Engravers acid, Hydrogen nitrate, Red furning nitric acid (RFNA), White furning nitric acid (WFNA)	5 mg/m3 / 2 ppm	10 mg/m3 / 4 ppm	Not Available	Not Available
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	nitric acid	Nitric acid	2 ppm	4 ppm	Not Available	TLV® Basis: URT & eye irr; dental erosion
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1	nitric acid	Nitric acid	5 mg/m3 / 2 ppm	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	arsenic	Arsenic metal: Arsenia	Not Available	Not Available	0.002 mg/m3	Ca See Appendix A
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	cadmium	Cadmium metal: Cadmium	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Ca See Appendix A [*Note: The REL applies to all Cadmium compounds (as Cd).]
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	cadmium	Cadmium	0.01 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	TLV® Basis: Kidney dam; BEI
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1	cadmium	Cadmium	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	see 1910.1027;(as Cd)
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z2	cadmium	Cadmium fume	0.1 mg/m3	Not Available	0.3 mg/m3	(Z37.5-1970); This standard applies to any operations or sectors for which the Cadmium standard, 1910.1027, is stayed or otherwise not in effect
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z2	cadmium	Cadmium dust	0.2 mg/m3	Not Available	0.6 mg/m3	(Z37.5-1970); This standard applies to any operations or sectors for which the Cadmium standard, 1910.1027, is stayed or otherwise not in effect
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	chromium	Chrome, Chromium	0.5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	See Appendix C
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	copper	Copper metal dusts, Copper metal fumes	1 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	[*Note: The REL also applies to other copper compounds (as Cu) except Copper fume.]
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	copper	Copper - Dusts and mists, as Cu	1 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	TLV® Basis: Irr; GI; metal fume fever; BEI
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	copper	Copper - Fume, as Cu	0.2 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	TLV® Basis: Irr; GI; metal fume fever; BEI
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1	copper	Copper - Fume	0.1 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	(as Cu)
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1	copper	Copper - Dusts and mists	1 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	(as Cu)
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	lead	Lead metal, Plumbum	0.050 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	See Appendix C [*Note: The REL also applies to other lead compounds (as Pb) see Appendix C.]
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	nickel	Nickel metal: Elemental nickel, Nickel catalyst	0.015 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Ca See Appendix A [*Note: The REL does not apply to Nickel carbonyl.]
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	nickel	Nickel and inorganic compounds including Nickel subsulfide, as Ni - Elemental	1.5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	TLV® Basis: Dermatitis; pneumoconiosis

EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1		TEEL-2	TEEL-3
nitric acid	Nitric acid	Not Available		Not Available	Not Available
barium	Barium	1.5 mg/m3		180 mg/m3	1,100 mg/m3
cadmium	Cadmium	Not Available		Not Available	Not Available
chromium	Chromium	1.5 mg/m3		17 mg/m3	99 mg/m3
copper	Copper	3 mg/m3		33 mg/m3	200 mg/m3
lead	Lead	0.15 mg/m3		120 mg/m3	700 mg/m3
nickel	Nickel	4.5 mg/m3		50 mg/m3	99 mg/m3
zinc	Zinc	6 mg/m3		21 mg/m3	120 mg/m3
Ingredient	Original IDLH		Revised IDLH		
nitric acid	100 ppm		25 ppm		
water	Not Available		Not Available		
arsenic	100 mg/m3		5 mg/m3		

Chemwatch: 9-405984 Catalogue number: ICP-RCRA-1

Version No: 2.2

ICP RCRA Metals Standard 1

barium	1,100 mg/m3	50 mg/m3
cadmium	50 mg/m3 / 9 mg/m3	9 mg/m3 / 9 [Unch] mg/m3
chromium	N.E. / N.E.	250 mg/m3
copper	N.E. / N.E.	100 mg/m3
lead	700 mg/m3	100 mg/m3
nickel	N.E. / N.E.	10 mg/m3
zinc	Not Available	Not Available

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard.
Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	Safety glasses with unperforated side shields may be used where continuous eye protection is desirable, as in laboratories; spectacles are not sufficient where complete eye protection is needed such as when handling bulk-quantities, where there is a danger of splashing, or if the material may be under pressure.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	 Elbow length PVC gloves When handling corrosive liquids, wear trousers or overalls outside of boots, to avoid spills entering boots.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	 Employees working with confirmed human carcinogens should be provided with, and be required to wear, clean, full body protective clothing (smocks, coveralls, or long-sleeved shirt and pants), shoe covers and gloves prior to entering the regulated area. Prior to each exit from an area containing confirmed human carcinogens, employees should be required to remove and leave protective clothing and equipment at the point of exit and at the last exit of the day, to place used clothing and equipment in impervious containers at the point of exit for purposes of decontamination or disposal. Overalls.
Thermal hazards	Not Available

Respiratory protection

Type A Filter of sufficient capacity.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Grey		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Available
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	<2	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Contact with alkaline material liberates heat
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7

Page 6 of 13

ICP RCRA Metals Standard 1

Incompatible materials Hazardous decomposition products

See section 7

See section 5

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	Inhalation of vapours or aerosols (mists, fumes), generated by the material during the course of normal handling, may be harmful. The material can cause respiratory irritation in some persons. Corrosive acids can cause irritation of the respiratory tract, with coughing, choking and mucous membrane damage.				
Ingestion	Accidental ingestion of the material may be harmful; animal experiments indicate that ingestion of less than 150 gram may be fatal or may produce serious damage to the health of the individual. Ingestion of acidic corrosives may produce burns around and in the mouth, the throat and oesophagus.				
Skin Contact	Skin contact with acidic corresives may produce bains abound and mate modul, are timout and ecosphages. Skin contact with acidic corresives may result in pain and burns; these may be deep with distinct edges and may heal slowly with the formation of scar tissue. Skin contact is not thought to produce harmful health effects (as classified under EC Directives using animal models). Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material Entry into the blood-stream, through, for example, cuts, abrasions or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects.				
Eye	If applied to the eyes, this material causes severe eye damage. Direct eye contact with acid corrosives may produce pain, tears, sensitivity to li <u>c</u>	ght and burns.			
Chronic	Repeated or prolonged exposure to acids may result in the erosion of teeth, swelling and/or ulceration of mouth lining. Long-term exposure to respiratory irritants may result in airways disease, involving difficulty breathing and related whole-body problems. There is ample evidence that this material can be regarded as being able to cause cancer in humans based on experiments and other information. Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.				
ICP RCRA Metals Standard 1	TOXICITY Not Available	IRRITATION Not Available			
nitric acid	TOXICITY Inhalation (rat) LC50: 625 ppm/1h*t ^[2]		IRRITATION Not Available		
	ΤΟΧΙΟΙΤΥ	IRRITATION			
water	Not Available				
arsenic	TOXICITY Oral (rat) LD50: 763 mg/kg ^[2]	RRITATION Not Available			
		1			
barium	TOXICITY Not Available	IRRITATION Not Available			
cadmium	TOXICITY Oral (rat) LD50: >63<259 mg/kg> ^[1]	IRRITATION Not Available			
chromium	TOXICITY Not Available	IRRITATION Not Available			
	TOXICITY dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]	IRRITATION Not Available			
	Inhalation (rat) LC50: 0.733 mg/l/4hr ^[1]				
copper	Inhalation (rat) LC50: 1.03 mg/l/4hr ^[1]				
	Inhalation (rat) LC50: 1.67 mg/l/4hr ^[1]				
	Oral (rat) LD50: 300-500 mg/kg ^[1]				
	ΤΟΧΙCITY		IRRITATION		
	dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]	Not Available			
lead	Inhalation (rat) LC50: >5.05 mg/l/4hr ^[1]				
	Oral (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]				

ICP RCRA Metals Standard 1

	ΤΟΧΙΟΙΤΥ		IRRITATION
nickel	Oral (rat) LD50: 5000 mg/kg ^[2]		Not Available
	ΤΟΧΙΟΙΤΥ		IRRITATION
zinc	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 1130 mg/kg ^[2]		Not Available
200	Oral (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]		
	Orai (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg* -		
Legend:	1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical		om manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data
NITRIC ACID	For acid mists, aerosols, vapours Test results suggest that eukaryotic cells are susceptible to ge The material may produce severe irritation to the eye causing The material may produce respiratory tract irritation, and resu. The material may cause severe skin irritation after prolonged of vesicles, scaling and thickening of the skin. Oral (?) LD50: 50-500 mg/kg * [Various Manufacturers]	pronounced inflammation. Ilt in damage to the lung including rec	luced lung function.
	Arsenic compounds are classified by the European Union as	toxic by inhalation and ingestion and t	oxic to aquatic life and long lasting in the environment.
ARSENIC	WARNING: This substance has been classified by the IARC Tumorigenic - Carcinogenic by RTECS criteria.	as Group 1: CARCINOGENIC TO H	HUMANS.
CHROMIUM	On skin and inhalation exposure, chromium and its compound The substance is classified by IARC as Group 3: NOT classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. Tenth Annual Report on Carcinogens: Substance known to be [<i>National Toxicology Program: U.S. Dep.</i> Gastrointestinal tumours, lymphoma, musculoskeletal tumours.	e Carcinogenic	
COPPER	for copper and its compounds (typically copper chloride): Acute toxicity: There are no reliable acute oral toxicity result WARNING: Inhalation of high concentrations of copper fume i like respiratory tract irritation with fever.		ute industrial disease of short duration. tiredness, influenza
LEAD	WARNING: Lead is a cumulative poison and has the potential	to cause abortion and intellectual imp	pairment to unborn children of pregnant workers.
NICKEL	The following information refers to contact allergens as a grout WARNING: This substance has been classified by the IARC Tenth Annual Report on Carcinogens: Substance anticipated [National Toxicology Program: U.S. Dep. Oral (rat) TDLo: 500 mg/kg/5D-I Inhalation (rat) TCLo: 0.1 mg/kg/5D-I	as Group 2B: Possibly Carcinogenic to be Carcinogen	
ZINC	The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repea scaling and thickening of the skin.	ated exposure and may produce on co	ontact skin redness, swelling, the production of vesicles,
NITRIC ACID & BARIUM	Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or even years	after exposure to the material ends.	
WATER & BARIUM & CHROMIUM	No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature s	search.	
Acute Toxicity	✓	Carcinogenicity	×
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	✓	Reproductivity	×
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	*	STOT - Single Exposure	0
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	*	STOT - Repeated Exposure	✓
Mutagenicity	0	Aspiration Hazard	\otimes

 \bigcirc – Data Not Available to make classification

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity										
ICP RCRA Metals Standard	ENDPOINT		TEST DURATION (HR)	SPI	ECIES	١	ALUE		SOUR	CE
1	Not Available		Not Available	Not	t Available	e I	Not Avai	lable	Not Av	vailable
			1							
nitric acid	ENDPOINT		TEST DURATION (HR)		SPE	ECIES	V	ALUE	SOL	JRCE
	NOEC		16		Cru	istacea	1	07mg/L	4	
water	ENDPOINT	TES	T DURATION (HR)	SPECIES				VALUE		SOURCE
Water	LC50	96		Fish				897.520mg/L		3
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · ·								

Chemwatch: 9-405984 Catalogue number: ICP-RCRA-1 Version No: 2.2

arsenic	ENDPOINT LC50 NOEC	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALU	IF	SOURCE
arsenic	LC50					JOUNCE
		96	Fish	9.9mg		4
	NOLO	336	Algae or other aquatic plants	<0.75		4
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE		SOURCE
	LC50	96	Fish	>500mg/L		4
barium	EC50	96	Algae or other aquatic plants		-	4
banum	BCF	24		26mg/L	~~/	4
	NOEC	48	Crustacea Crustacea	0.000002r 68mg/L	ng/L	4
	NOLO			00mg/L		-
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE		SOURCE
	LC50	96	Fish	0.001mg/L		4
	EC50	48	Crustacea	0.0033mg/L		5
cadmium	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.018mg/L		2
	BCF	960	Fish	500mg/L		4
	NOEC	168	Fish	0.00001821r	ma/l	4
	HOLD			0.000010211	ilig-E	•
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE		SOURCE
	LC50	96	Fish	13.9mg/	L	4
chromium	EC50	48	Crustacea	0.0225m	ng/L	5
cinomian	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.104mg	g/L	4
	BCF	1440	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.0495m	ng/L	4
	NOEC	672	Fish	0.00019	mg/L	4
	ENDPOINT		SPECIES	VALUE		SOURCE
		TEST DURATION (HR)				
	LC50	96	Fish	0.0028mg/L		2
	EC50	48	Crustacea	0.001mg/L		5
copper	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.013335mg	/∟	4
	BCF EC25	960	Fish Algae or other aquatic plants	200mg/L 0.00150495r	mal	4
	NOEC	96	Crustacea	0.0008mg/L	-	4
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE		SOURCE
	LC50	96	Fish	0.0079m	ng/L	2
land	EC50	48	Crustacea	0.029mg	g/L	2
lead	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.0205m	ng/L	2
	BCFD	8	Fish	4.324mg	g/L	4
	NOEC	672	Fish	0.00003	mg/L	4
	ENDPOINT		SPECIES	VALUE		SOURCE
	LC50	TEST DURATION (HR) 96	Fish	0.0000475r	ma/l	4
	EC50	48	Crustacea	0.0000475	iig/L	5
nickel	EC50 EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.013mg/L 0.0407mg/l		2
	BCF	1440	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.47mg/L	_	4
	NOEC	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.0035mg/l	L	2
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE		SOURCE
	LC50	96	Fish	0.00272	-	4
			Crustors	0.04		5
zinc	EC50	48	Crustacea	0.04mg/	L	
zinc	EC50 EC50	48 72	Crustacea Algae or other aquatic plants	0.04mg/ 0.106mg		4

Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12

Catalogue number: ICP-RCRA-1 Version No: 2.2

Page 9 of 13

ICP RCRA Metals Standard 1

(QSAR) - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Do NOT allow product to come in contact with surface waters or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. **Ecotoxicity**:

The tolerance of water organisms towards pH margin and variation is diverse.

Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
water	LOW	LOW

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
water	LOW (LogKOW = -1.38)

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
water	LOW (KOC = 14.3)

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal
► Containers n ► Recycle whe

Containers may still present a chemical hazard/ danger when empty.
Recycle wherever possible.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required



Land transport (DOT)

Marine Pollutant

,	
UN number	3264
UN proper shipping name	Corrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s.
Transport hazard class(es)	Class8SubriskNot Applicable
Packing group	ll l
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable
Special precautions for user	Hazard Label8Special provisions386, B2, IB2, T11, TP2, TP27

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

UN number	3264				
UN proper shipping name	Corrosive liquid, acidic	, inorganic, n.o.s. *			
Transport hazard class(es)	ICAO/IATA Class ICAO / IATA Subrisk ERG Code	8 Not Applicable 8L			
Packing group	П				
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable				
Special precautions for user	Special provisions Cargo Only Packing I	nstructions	A3. 855	3A803 55	

Issue Date: 08/01/2017 Print Date: 08/01/2017

ICP RCRA Metals Standard 1

Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack	30 L
Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions	851
Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack	1L
Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions	Y840
Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack	0.5 L

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)

UN number	3264
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.
Transport hazard class(es)	IMDG Class8IMDG SubriskNot Applicable
Packing group	II
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable
Special precautions for user	EMS NumberF-A, S-BSpecial provisions274Limited Quantities1 L

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Source	Product name	Pollution Category	Ship Type
IMO MARPOL (Annex II) - List of Noxious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk	Nitric acid (70% and over) Nitric acid (less than 70%)	Y; Y	2 2

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

NITRIC ACID(7697-37-2) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Final Rule Limits for Air Contaminan US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Transitional Limits for Air
Contaminants
US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants
US - Washington Toxic air pollutants and their ASIL, SQER and de minimis emission values
US - Wyoming Toxic and Hazardous Substances Table Z1 Limits for Air Contaminants
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
US CWA (Clean Water Act) - List of Hazardous Substances
US EPCRA Section 313 Chemical List
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1
US SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances
US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory
US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory
US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory
US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants
US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants
US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants US - Washington Toxic air pollutants and their ASIL, SQER and de minimis emission values
US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants US - Washington Toxic air pollutants and their ASIL, SQER and de minimis emission values US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants US - Washington Toxic air pollutants and their ASIL, SQER and de minimis emission values US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) - Carcinogens
US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants US - Washington Toxic air pollutants and their ASIL, SQER and de minimis emission values US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) - Carcinogens US ATSDR Minimal Risk Levels for Hazardous Substances (MRLs)
US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants US - Washington Toxic air pollutants and their ASIL, SQER and de minimis emission values US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) - Carcinogens US ATSDR Minimal Risk Levels for Hazardous Substances (MRLs) US Clean Air Act - Hazardous Air Pollutants
US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants US - Washington Toxic air pollutants and their ASIL, SQER and de minimis emission values US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) - Carcinogens US ATSDR Minimal Risk Levels for Hazardous Substances (MRLs) US Clean Air Act - Hazardous Air Pollutants US CWA (Clean Water Act) - Priority Pollutants
US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants US - Washington Toxic air pollutants and their ASIL, SQER and de minimis emission values US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) - Carcinogens US ATSDR Minimal Risk Levels for Hazardous Substances (MRLs) US Clean Air Act - Hazardous Air Pollutants US CWA (Clean Water Act) - Priority Pollutants US CWA (Clean Water Act) - Toxic Pollutants US CWA (Clean Water Act) - Toxic Pollutants US EPCRA Section 313 Chemical List
US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants US - Washington Toxic air pollutants and their ASIL, SQER and de minimis emission values US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) - Carcinogens US ATSDR Minimal Risk Levels for Hazardous Substances (MRLs) US Clean Air Act - Hazardous Air Pollutants US CWA (Clean Water Act) - Priority Pollutants US CWA (Clean Water Act) - Priority Pollutants US CWA (Clean Water Act) - Toxic Pollutants US EPCRA Section 313 Chemical List US National Toxicology Program (NTP) 14th Report Part A Known to be Human Carcinogen
US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants US - Washington Toxic air pollutants and their ASIL, SQER and de minimis emission values US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) - Carcinogens US ATSDR Minimal Risk Levels for Hazardous Substances (MRLs) US Clean Air Act - Hazardous Air Pollutants US CWA (Clean Water Act) - Priority Pollutants US CWA (Clean Water Act) - Toxic Pollutants US EPCRA Section 313 Chemical List US National Toxicology Program (NTP) 14th Report Part A Known to be Human Carcinoger US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1
US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants US - Washington Toxic air pollutants and their ASIL, SQER and de minimis emission values US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) - Carcinogens US ATSDR Minimal Risk Levels for Hazardous Substances (MRLs) US Clean Air Act - Hazardous Air Pollutants US CWA (Clean Water Act) - Priority Pollutants US CWA (Clean Water Act) - Toxic Pollutants US EPCRA Section 313 Chemical List US National Toxicology Program (NTP) 14th Report Part A Known to be Human Carcinogen US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)

- US Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Final Rule Limits for Air Contaminants US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Transitional Limits for Air
- Contaminants

BARIUM(7440-39-3) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Page 11 of 13

ICP RCRA Metals Standard 1 Version No: 2.2 US - Alaska Limits for Air Contaminants US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Transitional Limits for Air Contaminants US - Hawaii Air Contaminant Limits US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants US - Idaho - Limits for Air Contaminants US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) US - Massachusetts - Right To Know Listed Chemicals US - Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) - Carcinogens US EPA Carcinogens Listing US - Pennsylvania - Hazardous Substance List US EPCRA Section 313 Chemical List US - Rhode Island Hazardous Substance List US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1 US - Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits For Air Contaminants US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Final Rule Limits for Air Contaminants CADMIUM(7440-43-9) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Final Rule Limits for Air Contaminants Monographs US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Transitional Limits for Air US - Alaska Limits for Air Contaminants Contaminants US - California - Proposition 65 - Priority List for the Development of MADLs for Chemicals US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants Causing Reproductive Toxicity US - Washington Toxic air pollutants and their ASIL, SQER and de minimis emission values US - California OEHHA/ARB - Chronic Reference Exposure Levels and Target Organs US - Wyoming Toxic and Hazardous Substances Table Z1 Limits for Air Contaminants (CRELs) US - Wyoming Toxic and Hazardous Substances Table Z-2 Acceptable ceiling concentration, US - California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants Acceptable maximum peak above the acceptable ceiling concentration for an 8-hr shift US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) US - California Proposition 65 - Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADLs) for Chemicals US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) - Carcinogens Causing Reproductive Toxicity US ATSDR Minimal Risk Levels for Hazardous Substances (MRLs) US - California Proposition 65 - No Significant Risk Levels (NSRLs) for Carcinogens US Clean Air Act - Hazardous Air Pollutants US - California Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity US CWA (Clean Water Act) - Priority Pollutants US - Hawaii Air Contaminant Limits US CWA (Clean Water Act) - Toxic Pollutants US - Idaho - Acceptable Maximum Peak Concentrations US EPA Carcinogens Listing US - Idaho - Limits for Air Contaminants US EPCRA Section 313 Chemical List US - Massachusetts - Right To Know Listed Chemicals US National Toxicology Program (NTP) 14th Report Part A Known to be Human Carcinogens US - Michigan Exposure Limits for Air Contaminants US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs) US - Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) US Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment Proposition 65 No Significant Risk US - New Jersey Right to Know - Special Health Hazard Substance List (SHHSL): Levels (NSRLs) for Carcinogens and Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADLs) for Carcinogens Chemicals Causing Reproductive Toxicity US - Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits (Z-1) US OSHA Carcinogens Listing US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1 US - Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits (Z-2) US - Pennsylvania - Hazardous Substance List US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z2 US - Rhode Island Hazardous Substance List US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory US - Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits For Air Contaminants CHROMIUM(7440-47-3) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants Monographs US - Wyoming Toxic and Hazardous Substances Table Z1 Limits for Air Contaminants US - Alaska Limits for Air Contaminants US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) US - California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) - Carcinogens US - Hawaii Air Contaminant Limits US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) - Notice of Intended Changes US - Idaho - Limits for Air Contaminants US Clean Air Act - Hazardous Air Pollutants US - Massachusetts - Right To Know Listed Chemicals US CWA (Clean Water Act) - Priority Pollutants US CWA (Clean Water Act) - Toxic Pollutants

- US Michigan Exposure Limits for Air Contaminants
- US Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits (Z-1)
- US Pennsylvania Hazardous Substance List
- US Rhode Island Hazardous Substance List
- US Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits Limits For Air Contaminants
- US Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Final Rule Limits for Air Contaminants
- US Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Transitional Limits for Air Contaminants

COPPER(7440-50-8) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

- US Alaska Limits for Air Contaminants
- US California OEHHA/ARB Acute Reference Exposure Levels and Target Organs (RELs)
- US California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants
- US Hawaii Air Contaminant Limits
- US Idaho Limits for Air Contaminants
- US Massachusetts Right To Know Listed Chemicals
- US Michigan Exposure Limits for Air Contaminants
- US Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)
- US Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits (Z-1)
- US Pennsylvania Hazardous Substance List
- US Rhode Island Hazardous Substance List
- US Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits Limits For Air Contaminants
- US Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Final Rule Limits for Air Contaminants

LEAD(7439-92-1) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Transitional Limits for Air Contaminants

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

- US Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants
- US Washington Toxic air pollutants and their ASIL, SQER and de minimis emission values
- US Wyoming Toxic and Hazardous Substances Table Z1 Limits for Air Contaminants
- US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

US EPCRA Section 313 Chemical List

US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1

- US ATSDR Minimal Risk Levels for Hazardous Substances (MRLs)
- US CWA (Clean Water Act) Priority Pollutants
- US CWA (Clean Water Act) Toxic Pollutants
- US EPA Carcinogens Listing
- US EPCRA Section 313 Chemical List
- US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
- US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) Table Z1
- US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory

Chemwatch:	9-405984

Catalogue number: ICP-RCRA-1

Version No: 2.2

Page 12 of 13

ICP RCRA Metals Standard 1

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC	US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Final Rule Limits for Air Contaminant
Monographs	US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Transitional Limits for Air
US - Alaska Limits for Air Contaminants	Contaminants
US - California - Proposition 65 - Priority List for the Development of MADLs for Chemicals	US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants
Causing Reproductive Toxicity	US - Washington Toxic air pollutants and their ASIL, SQER and de minimis emission values
US - California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants	US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens	US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) - Carcinogens
US - California Proposition 65 - Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADLs) for Chemicals	US Clean Air Act - Hazardous Air Pollutants
Causing Reproductive Toxicity	US CWA (Clean Water Act) - Priority Pollutants
US - California Proposition 65 - No Significant Risk Levels (NSRLs) for Carcinogens	US CWA (Clean Water Act) - Toxic Pollutants
US - California Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity	US EPA Carcinogens Listing
US - Hawaii Air Contaminant Limits	US EPCRA Section 313 Chemical List
US - Idaho - Acceptable Maximum Peak Concentrations	US National Toxicology Program (NTP) 14th Report Part B.
US - Idaho - Limits for Air Contaminants	US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
US - Massachusetts - Right To Know Listed Chemicals	US Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment Proposition 65 No Significant Risk
US - Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)	Levels (NSRLs) for Carcinogens and Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADLs) for
US - New Jersey Right to Know - Special Health Hazard Substance List (SHHSL): Carcinogens	Chemicals Causing Reproductive Toxicity
US - Pennsylvania - Hazardous Substance List	US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1
US - Rhode Island Hazardous Substance List	US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory
US - Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits For Air Contaminants	
NICKEL(7440-02-0) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS	
US - Alaska Limits for Air Contaminants	US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Transitional Limits for Air
US - California OEHHA/ARB - Acute Reference Exposure Levels and Target Organs (RELs)	Contaminants
US - California OEHHA/ARB - Chronic Reference Exposure Levels and Target Organs	US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants
(CRELs)	US - Wyoming Toxic and Hazardous Substances Table Z1 Limits for Air Contaminants
US - California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants	US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens	US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) - Carcinogens
US - Hawaii Air Contaminant Limits	US ATSDR Minimal Risk Levels for Hazardous Substances (MRLs)
US - Idaho - Limits for Air Contaminants	US Clean Air Act - Hazardous Air Pollutants
US - Massachusetts - Right To Know Listed Chemicals	US CWA (Clean Water Act) - Priority Pollutants
US - Michigan Exposure Limits for Air Contaminants	US CWA (Clean Water Act) - Toxic Pollutants
US - Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)	US EPCRA Section 313 Chemical List
US - New Jersey Right to Know - Special Health Hazard Substance List (SHHSL): Carcinogens	US National Toxicology Program (NTP) 14th Report Part B.
US - Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits (Z-1)	US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
US - Pennsylvania - Hazardous Substance List	US Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment Proposition 65 No Significant Risk Levels (NSRLs) for Carcinogens and Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADLs) for
US - Rhode Island Hazardous Substance List	Chemicals Causing Reproductive Toxicity
US - Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits For Air Contaminants	US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1
US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Final Rule Limits for Air Contaminants	US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory
ZINC(7440-66-6) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS	
International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC	US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants
Monographs	US - Wyoming Toxic and Hazardous Substances Table Z1 Limits for Air Contaminants
US - California OEHHA/ARB - Chronic Reference Exposure Levels and Target Organs	US ATSDR Minimal Risk Levels for Hazardous Substances (MRLs)
(CRELs) US - California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants	US CWA (Clean Water Act) - Priority Pollutants
US - California Permissiple exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants	LIC CNAA (Clean Mater Act) Tavia Dallutanta

US - California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants

US - Hawaii Air Contaminant Limits

US - Massachusetts - Right To Know Listed Chemicals

- US Michigan Exposure Limits for Air Contaminants
- US Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits (Z-1)

US - Pennsylvania - Hazardous Substance List

US - Rhode Island Hazardous Substance List

US - Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits For Air Contaminants

Federal Regulations

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SECTION 311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES

Immediate (acute) health hazard	Yes
Delayed (chronic) health hazard	Yes
Fire hazard	No
Pressure hazard	No
Reactivity hazard	No

US CWA (Clean Water Act) - Toxic Pollutants

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

US EPCRA Section 313 Chemical List

US EPA Carcinogens Listing

US. EPA CERCLA HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES AND REPORTABLE QUANTITIES (40 CFR 302.4)

Name	Reportable Quantity in Pounds (Ib)	Reportable Quantity in kg
Nitric acid	1000	454
Arsenic	1	0.454
Cadmium	10	4.54
Chromium	5000	2270
Copper	5000	2270
Lead	10	4.54

Version No: 2.2

Catalogue number: ICP-RCRA-1

ICP RCRA Metals Standard 1

Nickel	100	45.4
Zinc	1000	454

State Regulations

US. CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm

US - CALIFORNIA PREPOSITION 65 - CARCINOGENS & REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (CRT): LISTED SUBSTANCE

Cadmium and cadmium compounds: Cadmium, Lead and lead compounds: Lead, Nickel (Metallic) Listed

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AICS	Υ
Canada - DSL	Y
Canada - NDSL	N (lead; zinc; copper; water; barium; arsenic; nickel; chromium; cadmium; nitric acid)
China - IECSC	Y
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Y
Japan - ENCS	N (lead; zinc; copper; barium; arsenic; nickel; chromium; cadmium; nitric acid)
Korea - KECI	Y
New Zealand - NZIoC	Y
Philippines - PICCS	Y
USA - TSCA	Υ
Legend:	Y = All ingredients are on the inventory N = Not determined or one or more ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Other information

Ingredients with multiple cas numbers

Name	CAS No
copper	7440-50-8, 133353-46-5, 133353-47-6, 195161-80-9, 65555-90-0, 72514-83-1

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chernwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment.

Definitions and abbreviations

PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average

PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。 IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL : No Observed Adverse Effect Level

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value

LOD: Limit Of Detection

OTV: Odour Threshold Value BCF: BioConcentration Factors

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

This document is copyright.