Section 1. Product and Company Identification

Product Identification: ICP-SSWS-M
MSDS Number: ICP-SSWS-M
Recommended Use: For Laboratory Use.
Company Identification: High-Purity Standards
P.O. Box 41727
Charleston, SC 29423
Telephone: (843) 767-7900
FAX: (843) 767-7906
In case of emergency call INFOTRAC: 800-535-5053

Section 2. Hazard Identification

Classification:
Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 1
Serious Eye Damage/ Eye Irritation, Category 1
Labeling:

Symbol:
Signal Word: Danger.
Hazard Statement: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Precautionary Statement: Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Section 3. Composition

Component	CAS/EINECS Registry #	Percent Concentration
Aluminum	7429-90-5/231-072-3	0.02
Antimony	7440-36-0/231-146-5	0.005
Arsenic	7440-38-2/231-148-6	<0.001
Barium Nitrate ($Ba(NO_3)_2$)	10022-31-8/233-020-5	0.02 (as Ba)
Barium Carbonate ($BaCO_3$)	513-77-9/208-167-3	
Beryllium Acetate ($Be_4O(C_2H_3O_2)_6$)	19049-40-2/242-785-4	<0.001 (as Be)
Cadmium	7440-43-9/231-152-8	<0.001
Chromium	7440-47-3/231-157-5	0.002
Cobalt	7440-48-4/231-158-0	0.005
Copper	7440-50-8/231-159-6	0.0025
Iron	7439-89-6/231-096-4	0.01
Lead	7439-92-1/231-100-4	<0.001
Manganese Acetate Tetrahydrate $(Mn(CH_3CO_2)_2)*4H_2O$	6156-78-1/211-334-3	0.005(as Mn)
Nickel	7440-02-0/231-111-4	0.005

Selenium	7782-49-2/231-957-4	<0.001
Silver	7440-22-4/231-131-3	<0.001
Thallium	7440-28-0/231-138-1	<0.001
Ammonium Metavanadate (NH_4VO_3)	7803-55-6/232-261-3	0.005 (as V)
Zinc	7440-66-6/231-175-3	0.005
Nitric Acid	7697-37-2/ 231-714-2	2
Hydrofluoric Acid	7664-39-3/231-634-8	<0.001
Water, deionized	7732-18-5/ 231-791-2	Balance

**Note: Barium is derived from either Barium carbonate or Barium Nitrate. For this reason both sources are listed on the SDS. Refer to the product's Certificate of Analysis to determine which source was used in the production of the lot number received.*

Section 4. First Aid Measures

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Gently wash with plenty of soap and water. Rub calcium gluconate gel immediately to skin. Obtain medical assistance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical assistance

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Target Organs: Eyes, skin, respiratory system, teeth, and skeletal system.

Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Fire & Explosion hazards: While nitric acid is not combustible, it is a strong oxidizing agent that can react with combustible materials; however, it is present in limited quantities in this solution. NO_x compounds can be released in case of fire. Hydrofluoric acid may ignite or explode on contact with combustible materials.

Extinguishing Media: Use any extinguishing media that is suitable for the surrounding area. Use a water spray to dilute nitric acid and to absorb liberated nitrogen oxides.

Specific Methods: Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Ventilate area of leak or spill. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Do not allow to enter drainage systems or water ways. Dike area and dilute spill with water and neutralize with soda ash, limestone, etc. Place the neutralized material into containers suitable for eventual disposal, reclamation, or destruction. Always dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

Store in a cool, dry, ventilated storage area with acid resistant floors and good drainage. Keep out of direct sunlight and away from heat, water, and incompatible materials. When diluting, the acid should always be added slowly to water and in small amounts. Refer to Section 8 for personal handling instructions.

Section 8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Engineering Controls: Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep any buildup of airborne contaminants below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure the availability of eyewash stations and safety showers.

Personal Protection: Wear appropriate gloves impermeable to HF, safety glasses with face shield, and lab coat/apron to avoid any direct skin contact.

Exposure Limits:

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL
Aluminum	10 mg/m^3	15 mg/m^3
Antimony	0.5 mg/m^3	0.5 mg/m^3
Arsenic	0.01 mg/m^3	10 $\mu g/ m^3$
Barium	0.5 mg/m^3	0.5 mg/m^3
Beryllium Acetate	0.002 mg/m^3	0.002 mg/m^3
Cadmium	0.002 mg/m^3 (respirable particulate)	0.005 mg/m^3
Chromium	0.5 mg/m^3	1 mg/m^3
Cobalt	0.02 mg/m^3	0.1 mg/m^3
Copper	0.2 mg/m^3 (fumes)	0.1 mg/m^3 (fumes)
Iron	10 mg/m^3	5 mg/m^3
Lead	0.05 mg/m^3	0.05 mg/m^3
Manganese Acetate Tetrahydrate	0.2 mg/m^3	C 5 mg/m^3
Nickel	1.5 mg/m^3	1 mg/m^3
Selenium	0.2 mg/m^3	0.2 mg/ m^3
Silver	0.1 mg/m^3	Not Available
Thallium	0.1 mg/m^3	0.1 mg/m^3
Ammonium Metavanadate	0.05 mg/m^3	Not Available
Zinc	5 mg/m^3	1 mg/m^3
Nitric Acid	2 mg/kg	5 mg/m^3
Hydrofluoric Acid	C: 3 mg/ml	2.5 mg/m^3 STEL: 6 mg/ml

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Liquid
Color: Colorless to light gray liquid
Odor: Odorless to a faint pungent odor
Odor threshold: None
pH: <2
Melting point: N/A
Freezing Point: N/A
Boiling Point: Approximately 100°C
Flash point: N/A
Evaporation rate: N/A

Flammability: N/A
Explosion limits: N/A
Vapor Pressure (mm): N/A
Vapor Density (air+1): N/A
Relative density: (H_2O = 1): Approximately 1.0
Solubility in H_2O: Complete
Auto ignition temperature: N/A
Decomposition temperature: N/A
Molecular Weight: N/A

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability Indicator: YES
Conditions to Avoid: Avoid heat and contact with combustible and other incompatible materials.
Incompatibles: Strong reducing agents, metallic powders, strong bases, chlorine, calcium compounds, hydroxides, organic materials, strong alkali, cyanides.
Hazardous Decomposition Products: HF and NO_x compounds including nitric oxide (NO), nitrogen dioxide (NO_2), nitrous oxide (N_2O) and nitric acid mist or vapor.
Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

May cause severe irritation/burns to respiratory system and areas of contact. Material is extremely destructive to the tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. The symptoms may be delayed.

RTECS#

HNO_3- QU5775000
Al- BD0330000
As- CG0525000
Cd- EU9800000
Co- GF8750000
Fe- NO4565500
Mn-AI5775000
Se- VS7700000
Tl- XG3425000
Zn- ZG8600000
$BaCO_3$; CQ8600000

HF- MW7875000
Sb- CC4025000
$(Be_4O(C_2H_3O_2)_6)$- DS2900000
Cr- GB4200000
Cu- GL5325000
Pb- OF7525000
Ni- QR5950000
Ag- VW3500000
(NH_4VO_3)- YW0875000

$Ba(NO_3)_2$- CQ9625000

LD_{LO} Oral, Human: (Nitric Acid) 430 mg/kg
LC_{LO} Inhalation, Human: (Hydrofluoric Acid) 50 mg/kg/30 min
LD_{50} Oral, Rat: (Aluminum) >5000 mg/kg
LD_{50} Oral, Rat: (Antimony) 7g/kg
LD_{50}, Oral, Rat: (Arsenic) 763 mg/kg
LD_{LO} Oral, Human: (Barium Carbonate) 17 mg/kg.
LD_{50} Oral, Rat: $(Ba(NO_3)_2)$ 355 mg/kg.
TD_{LO} Intratracheal, Rat: (Beryllium Acetate)13 mg/kg
LD_{LO} Oral, Human: (Cadmium) 2330 mg/kg
LD_{50} Unreported Route, Rat: (Chromium) 27.5 mg/kg
LD_{LO} Oral, Rabbit: (Cobalt) 750 mg/kg
TD_{LO} Oral, Human: (Copper) 120 µg/kg
TD_{50} Oral, Woman: (Lead) 450 mg/kg/6 year

LD_{50} Oral, Rat: (Manganese) 3730mg/kg
LD_{50}, Intravenous, Mouse: (Nickel) 50 mg/kg
LD_{50}, Oral, Rat: (Selenium) 6700 mg/kg
TD_{LO} Implant, Mouse: (Silver) 11 g/kg
TD_{LO} Oral, Man: (Thallium) 5,714 μg/kg
LD_{50} Oral, Rat: (Ammonium Metavanadate) 58,100 μg/kg
LD_{LO} Oral, Duck: (Zinc) 388 mg/kg.

Section 12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicological information: Do not allow material to reach ground water, water bodies, or sewage system. Beryllium and its compounds are considered to have high acute and chronic toxicity to aquatic life. Beryllium is more toxic in soft water than in hard water.

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

General: Follow Federal, state and local regulations for waste.

Section 14. Transport Information

D.O.T. Classification: Hazardous by IATA and 49CFR regulations (based on concentration of acid).
D.O.T. Shipping Name: Corrosive liquid, Acidic, Inorganic, n.o.s. (Nitric Acid Solution)
D.O.T. Hazard Class: 8
U.N./N.A. Number: 3264
Packing Group: II
D.O.T. Label: Corrosive (8)

Section 15. Regulations (Not meant to be all inclusive-selected regulation listed)

TSCA Status: Components of this solution are listed on the TSCA Inventory.
RCRA Status: (Hydrofluoric Acid-U134); Ammonium metavanadate (P119)
SARA: Subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or SARA Title III and of 40 CFR 372
Risk Phrases: R20/21/22, R45 Harmful by inhalation, skin contact, or if swallowed; May cause cancer.
Safety Phrases: S36/37/39 Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection
WHMIS Information (Canada): E: Corrosive

Section 16. Other Information

HPS products are intended for laboratory use only. All products should be handled and used by trained professional personnel only. The responsibility for the safe handling and use of these products rests solely with the buyer and/or user. The SDS was prepared carefully and represents the best data currently available to us; however, HPS does not certify the data on the SDS. Certified values for this material are given only on the Certificate of Analysis.

Theodore C. Rains, Ph.D.